

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY EPIKOTETM RESIN MGS LR 635

Section 1. Identification

Product name : EPIKOTE™ RESIN MGS LR 635

MSDS Number : 300000030631
Chemical name : Not available
Other means of identification : Not available
Product type : Epoxy Resin

Material uses : Epoxy Resin Systems

Manufacturer/Supplier/Importer: Westlake Epoxy B.V.

Seattleweg 17

3195 ND Pernis - Rotterdam

The Netherlands

Contact person : epoxyservice@westlake.com

Telephone : General information +31 (0) 10 295 4011

1.4

Emergency telephone number

Supplier : CARECHEM24 Telephone number : +44 (0) 1235 239 670 Australia Emergency telephone : +61 2 8014 4558

number 18000 74234 (toll-free, Australia only)

Section 2. Hazards identification

* This product is classified in accordance to Australian regulation - GHS V7, and ADG Code.

Classification of the substance or

mixture

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

GHS label elements

Signal word : WARNING

Hazard statements : Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

Symbol :



Precautionary statements

Prevention : Wear protective gloves.

Wear eye or face protection. Avoid breathing vapor.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response : Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF ON SKIN:

Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

IF IN EYES:

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists:

Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result

in classification

None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: MixtureChemical name: Not availableOther means of identification: Not available

Hazardous ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol-Epichlorohydrin Copolymer	>=75 - <=90	25068-38-6
Formaldehyde, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane and phenol	>=10 - <20	9003-36-5
Oxirane, Mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] Derivs.	>0 - <=10	68609-97-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has

been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open

skin contact airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes

thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the

upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Eyes : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

<u>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary</u>

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Protection of first aid personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Not suitable

Suitable

Use dry chemical, CO2, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).

Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds

Special precautions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Remark : Not available **Hazchem code** : HAZCHEM: •3Z

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13 of SDS). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of SDS). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> Occupational exposure limits

None.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Eye protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid Color : Clear

Odor : None.

Odor threshold:Not availablepH:Not availableMelting point/freezing point:Not available

Boiling point : Greater than 200 °C (392 °F)

Flash point : Greater than 200 °C (392 °F)

Burning rate : Not available **Burning time** : Not available

Evaporation rate : Not available **Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available

Vapor pressure : Not available Vapor density : Not available

Relative density : 1.15

Density : Approx. 1.100 - 1.200 g/cm³

Solubility: Not availableSolubility in water: Not availablePartition coefficient: n-: Not applicable.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature: Not availableDecomposition temperature: Not available

SADT

Viscosity : Dynamic: Approx. 3,000 - 4,000 mPa·s

Kinematic: Not available

Other information

No additional information.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol-F	Epichlorohydrin Cop	olymer		ļ

	LD50 Oral	Rat	11,400 mg/kg	=
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11,400 mg/kg	-
Remarks - Inhalation:	No applicable toxic	city data.		
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2,000 mg/kg	=
Formaldehyde, polymer with	(chloromethyl)oxirai	ne and phenol		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	> 2,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 2,000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol- Epichlorohydrin Copolymer	Skin - Erythema/E schar 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Co	Rabbit	1.5 - 2		-
	rrosion Skin - Edema 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Co rrosion	Rabbit	1.0 - 1.5		-
	eyes 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Co rrosion	Rabbit	0		-
	eyes - Redness of the conjunctiva e	Rabbit	0.7		-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit			-
Formaldehyde, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane and phenol	Skin - Erythema/E schar 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Co rrosion	Rabbit	0.7	4 hrs	72 hrs
	Skin - Edema 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Co	Rabbit	0	4 hrs	4 - 504 hrs

	rrosion				
	eyes - Cornea	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	opacity 405				
	Acute Eye Irritation/Co				
	rrosion				
	eyes - Iris	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	lesion 405 Acute Eye				
	Irritation/Co				
	rrosion eyes -	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	Redness of	Rabbit			1 100 1113
	the				
	conjunctiva e 405				
	Acute Eye				
	Irritation/Co rrosion				
	eyes -	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	Edema of the				
	conjunctiva				
	e 405				
	Acute Eye Irritation/Co				
	rrosion				
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
Oxirane, Mono[(C12-14-	Skin -	Rabbit	4.1	24 hrs	72 hrs
alkyloxy)methyl] Derivs.	Primary dermal				
	irritation				
	index (PDII) OTS				
	798.4470				
	Acute				
	Dermal Irritation				
	Skin -	Rabbit	5.75	24 hrs	72 hrs
	Primary dermal				
	irritation				
	index				
	(PDII) 404 Acute				
	Dermal				
	Irritation/Co rrosion				
	eyes -	Rabbit	2		1 - 24 hrs
	Cornea opacity 405				
	Acute Eye				
	Irritation/Co				

rrosion			
Skin - Moderate	Rabbit	24 hrs	-
irritant			

Conclusion/Summary

Skin:Not availableeyes:Not availableRespiratory:Not available

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result		
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol-	Skin	See Remarks	Sensitizing		
Epichlorohydrin Copolymer					
Remarks:	In an OECD No. 429 mouse LLNA study the estimated EC3 was a concentration				
	of 5.7% suggesting that BADGE is	s a moderate skin se	nsitizer in this test system.		
	In an OECD No. 406 guinea pig Maximization study BADGE induced positive				
	dermal reaction in 100% of the test animals at a 50% concentration challenge				
	dose. Therefore, BADGE is an "Extreme" skin sensitizer under the conditions of				
	this study. BADGE was also positive for skin sensitization in an OECD No. 406				
	guinea pig Buehler method study.				

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Not availableRespiratory: Not available

Potential chronic health effects

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity
 Mo known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : Developmental effects :

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result		
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol-	-	; Mammalian-	Negative		
Epichlorohydrin Copolymer		Animal			
Remarks:	Did not induce evidence of chromosome damage in a mouse dominant lethal oral				
	gavage study conducted up to a high dose level of 10 grams/kg and in a mouse				
	micronucleus test conducted up to a high dose of 5000 mg/kg. Negative in a male				
	mouse spermatocyte cytogenetic assay with treatment for 5 days by oral gavage up				
	to a high dose of 3000 mg/kg. Did not induce an increase in the frequency of				
	chromosome damage in a Chinese	hamster bone marro	w cytogenetic test by oral		

	gavage up to a high dose of 3300 mg/kg. Failed to induce an increase of DNA strand breaks in rat liver cells following oral gavage treatment with 500 mg/kg as measured by alkaline elution.			
Formaldehyde, polymer with	- In vivo; Negative			
(chloromethyl)oxirane and		Mammalian-		
phenol	Animal			
Remarks:	When Bisphenol F Diglycidylether was evaluated for genotoxicity potential in			
	multiple GLP in vivo assays include	ling the mouse micro	onucleus, rat in vivo/in vitro	
	UDS and MutaMouse tests no evidence of genotoxicity was observed. The results			
	of other in vivo tests for genotoxicity also supported these negative findings for			
	BPFDGE. Therefore, Bisphenol F	Diglycidylether is no	ot genotoxic in vivo.	

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Formaldehyde, polymer with	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
(chloromethyl)oxirane and phenol			

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

No data available.

Other information : Not available

Section 12. Ecological information

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure			
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol-Epichlorohydrin Copolymer						
	Fish - Fish	96 h				
	Toxicity Test					
	Acute LC50 1.3 mg/l 203 Fish, Acute	Fish - Fish	96 h			
	Toxicity Test					
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	Acute					
	Acute EC50 2.1 mg/l - 202 Daphnia	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h			
	sp. Acute Immobilization Test and	Water flea				
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	ic No applicable toxicity data.					
invertebrates.:						

	Acute LC50 > 11 mg/l -	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h
	Acute LC50 > 11 mg/l	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Acute	riquate plants riigae	, = 11
plants:	Tieute		
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data.		
	Chronic No-observable-effect-	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
	concentration 0.3 mg/l semi-static test	Water flea	1 2 3
	211 Daphnia Magna Reproduction Test		
Remarks - Chronic - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data.		
invertebrates.:	7		
Formaldehyde, polymer with (ch	lloromethyl)oxirane and phenol		
	Acute LC50 2.54 mg/l -	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute EC50 2.55 mg/l - 202 Daphnia	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	sp. Acute Immobilization Test and	Water flea	
	Reproduction Test		
	Acute EC50 > 1,000 mg/l - 201 Alga,	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h
	Growth Inhibition Test		
Oxirane, Mono[(C12-14-alkylox	y)methyl] Derivs.		
	Acute LC50 > $1.8 \text{ g/l} - 203 \text{ Fish}$,	Fish - Rainbow	96 h
	Acute Toxicity Test	trout,donaldson trout	
	Acute LC50 > $5.0 \text{ g/l} - 203 \text{ Fish}$,	Fish - Bluegill	96 h
	Acute Toxicity Test		
	Acute LC50 $> 100.0 \text{ mg/l} - 203 \text{ Fish},$	Fish - Rainbow	96 h
	Acute Toxicity Test	trout,donaldson trout	
	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l - 202 Daphnia	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	sp. Acute Immobilization Test and	Water flea	
	Reproduction Test		
	Acute EC50 844 mg/l - 201 Alga,	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h
	Growth Inhibition Test		

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
bis-[4-(2,3-	2.64 - 3.78	3 - 31 31.00	low
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane			
Formaldehyde, polymer with	3.3	150 150.00	low
(chloromethyl)oxirane and phenol			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	3.77	160 - 263 160.00	low
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.			

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

: Not available

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN/NA number	Proper shipping name	Classes/Packing group
ADG	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(EPOXIDE DERIVATIVES)	9 III
ICAO/IATA	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXIDE DERIVATIVES)	9 III
IMO/IMDG	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXIDE DERIVATIVES)	9 III

Emergency Action Code	:	HAZCHEM: •3Z
ERG Number	:	47

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

- Not regulated.

Control of Scheduled Carcinogenic Substances

Not applicable

Australia inventory (AIIC)

: All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

International lists

: Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC) All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory (KECI) All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory (NZIoC) All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS) All components are listed or exempted. United States inventory (TSCA 8b) All components are active or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (TCSI) All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand inventory Not determined. Vietnam inventory Not determined. Mexico inventory Not determined.

Russian Federation inventory Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing

Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.04.2023 **Date of previous issue** : 05.09.2022

Version : 1.1

Key to abbreviationsADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Road

24.07.2023

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail

UN = United Nations

References : Not available

Notice to reader

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.